Year 4

# **Calculation policy**

Updated September 2024

© White Rose Education 2024



## **Guidance for teachers**

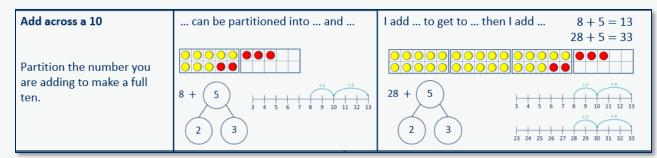


The calculation policy is divided into four sections: addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. At the start of each section, you will find an overview of the progression of skills. Calculations involving decimal numbers and fractions are included.

The calculation policy follows the same concrete, pictorial, abstract approach as our main schemes of learning. Where appropriate, sentence stems and key questions are included alongside the key representations.

Where skills are divided into more than one section across the page, there is a progression in the level of difficulty from left to right.

For example, when adding across a 10, children need to be able to add across 10 itself, before making links with related facts.



# **Progression of skills – Addition**



Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
• Add 1s, 10s and 100s to a 3- digit number	<ul> <li>Add 1s, 10s and 100s to a 4- digit number</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add using mental strategies</li> <li>Add whole numbers with</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Add two numbers (no exchange)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add up to two 4-digit numbers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add decimals with up to 2</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Add two numbers across a 10 or 100</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add decimal numbers in the context of money</li> </ul>	<ul><li>decimal places</li><li>Complements to 1</li></ul>
<ul> <li>Complements to 100</li> <li>Add fractions with the same denominator within 1 whole</li> <li>Calculate the duration of events</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add fractions and mixed numbers with the same denominator beyond 1 whole</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Add fractions with denominators that are a multiple of one another</li> </ul>

#### Addition



Year 4	<ul> <li>Add numbers with up to 4 digits using a formal written method.</li> <li>Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to 2 decimal places.</li> <li>Add fractions with the same denominator.</li> </ul>	
Progression of skills	Key representations	
Add 1s, 10s and 100s to a 4-digit number Emphasis on mental strategies including number bonds and related facts. Prompt children to notice which digit changes.	The ones/tens/hundreds/thousands column will increase byWhat patterns do you notice? $1 = 2,350 + 3 = 2,350 + 30 = 2,350 + 300 = 2,350 + 300 = 2,350 + 3,000 = 2,350 + 3,000 = 2,350 + 3,000 = 2,350 + 3,000 = 2,350 + 3,000 = 2,211 + = 2,251 = 2,251 = 3,425 + 300 = 3,425 + 3,000 = 2,211 + = 2,511 = 2,$	
Add up to two 4-digit numbers Formal written method with up to 3 exchanges. Encourage children to estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to calculations.	do/do not need to make an exchange.	Th       H       T       O         Image: Constraint of the state of the stat

#### Addition



Progression of skills	Key representations		
Add decimal numbers in the context of money	pence + pence = pence pounds + pounds = pounds	£3.25 can be partitioned into £3 + 20p + 5p	
Emphasis on partitioning and use of number lines rather than formal written calculations.	65p + 25p = 70p 65p + 25p = 5p 65p + 25p = 5p 65p + 70p = 65p 63p + 25p = 5p 63p + 25p = 70p 63p + 25p = 70p 63p + 25p = 5p 63p +	+ £3 + 20p + 5p £2.45 £5.45 £5.65 £5.70	
Add fractions and mixed numbers with the same denominator beyond 1 whole	When adding fractions with the same dent fifths + fifths = fifths $\frac{3}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{7}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{4}{5}$	ominator, I only add the numerator. $+\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{3}{5}$ $+\frac{3}{5}$	

#### **Progression of skills - Subtraction**



Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
• Subtract 1s, 10s and 100s from a 3-digit number	<ul> <li>Subtract 1s, 10s, 100s and 1,000s from a 4-digit number</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Subtract two numbers (no exchange)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Subtract up to two 4-digit numbers</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Subtract using mental strategies</li> </ul>
• Subtract two numbers across a 10 or 100	<ul> <li>Subtract decimal numbers in the context of money</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Subtract decimals with up to 2 decimal places</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Complements to 100</li> <li>Subtract fractions with the same denominator within 1 whole</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Subtract fractions and mixed numbers with the same denominator</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Complements to 1</li> <li>Subtract fractions with denominators that are a multiple of one another</li> </ul>

#### **Subtraction**



Year 4	<ul> <li>Subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using a formal written method.</li> <li>Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to 2 decimal places.</li> <li>Subtract fractions with the same denominator.</li> </ul>		
Progression of skills	Key representations		
Subtract 1s, 10s, 100s and 1,000s from a 4-digit number Emphasis on mental strategies including number bonds and related facts. Prompt children to notice which digit changes.	The ones/tens/hundreds/thousands column will decrease byWhat patterns do you notice?Thousands (a)10104,356 - 3 = $4,356 - 30 =$ $4,356 - 300 =$ $4,356 - 300 =$ $4,356 - 3,000 =$ $4,356 - 3,000 =$ $4,433 - = 4,430$ $4,433 - = 4,430$ $3,425 - 2 =$ $3,425 - 20 =$ $3,425 - 20 =$ $3,425 - 2,000 =$ $4,433 - = 4,033$ $3,425 - 20 =$ $3,425 - 2,000 =$ $4,433 - = 4,033$		
Subtract up to two 4-digit numbers Formal written method with up to 3 exchanges. Encourage children to estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to calculations.	I need to subtract ones/tens/hundreds. I do	H T O	

#### **Subtraction**



Progression of skills	Key representations	
Subtract decimal numbers in the context of money	I can partition £ into £ and 100p f $-$ f $=$ f 100pp =p	£3.26 can be partitioned into £3 + 20p + 6p
Emphasis here is on partitioning and use of number lines rather than formal written calculations.	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{£5} - \textbf{£3.26} \\ \textbf{£4} - \textbf{£3} = \textbf{£1} \\ 100p - 26p = 74p \\ \textbf{£5} - \textbf{£3.26} = \textbf{£1.74} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} \textbf{£5} \\ \textbf{f4} \\ 100p \end{array}$	- 6p - 20p - £3 £1.74 £1.80 £2 £5
Subtract fractions and mixed numbers with the same denominator Include subtracting fractions from wholes.	When subtracting fractions with the same de I only subtract the numerator. tenths — tenths = tenths	nominator, 2 5 6
Tom wholes.	$ \begin{array}{c} 16\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10\\ 10$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

# **Progression of skills – Multiplication**



Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
The 3 times-table	• Times-table facts to $12 \times 12$	Multiples and factors
The 4 times-table	<ul> <li>Multiply by 1 and 0</li> </ul>	Square and cube numbers
The 8 times-table	Multiply 3 numbers	Multiply numbers up to 4
Related facts	Factor pairs	digits by a 1-digit number
<ul> <li>Multiply a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number - no exchange</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply by 10 and 100</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a 2-digit number</li> </ul>
• Multiply a 2-digit number by a	Related facts	• Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000
1-digit number - with exchange	Mental strategies	<ul> <li>Mental strategies</li> </ul>
Scaling	• Multiply a 2 or 3-digit number	Multiply fractions by a whole
Correspondence problems	by a 1-digit number	number
	Scaling	Multiply mixed numbers by a
	Correspondence problems	whole number
		Find the whole



Year 4	<ul> <li>Recall multiplication facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12</li> <li>Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; multiplying together three numbers.</li> <li>Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations.</li> <li>Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout.</li> <li>Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two-digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.</li> </ul>		
Progression of skills	Key representations		
Times-table facts to 12 × 12 Encourage daily counting in multiples both forwards and back. Encourage children to notice links between related times-tables.	$ \begin{array}{c}         groups of = \\         times is equal to \\         \times = \\         11 11 11 \\         10 1 \\         $	1       11       11         1       11         1       11         1       11         1       11         1       12         33       34       35       36       37       38       39       40         41       42       43       44       45       46       47       48       49       50         51       52       53       54       55       56       57       58       59       60         61       62       63       64       65       66       67       68       69       70         71       72       73       74       75       76       77       78       79       80         81       82       83       84       85       86       87       88       89       90	
Multiply by 1 and 0	Any number multiplied by 1 is equal to Any number multiplied by 0 is equal to $ \underbrace{} \underbrace{\end{array}{} \underbrace{} \underbrace{\end{array}{} \underbrace{} \underbrace{\end{array}{} \underbrace{} \underbrace{\end{array}{} \underbrace{\end{array}{} \underbrace{\end{array}{}  \underbrace{\end{array}{} \underbrace{\end{array}{}  \underbrace{\end{array}{}  \underbrace{\end{array}{}  \underbrace{\end{array}{}  \underbrace{\end{array}{}          \underbrace$	$ \times =$ $1 \times 1 = 1 \qquad 1 \times 0 = 0$ $2 \times 1 = 2 \qquad 2 \times 0 = 0$ $3 \times 1 = 3 \qquad 3 \times 0 = 0$ $4 \times 1 = 4 \qquad 4 \times 0 = 0$	



Progression of skills	Key representations	
Multiply 3 numbers Children use their understanding of commutativity to multiply more efficiently.	To work out $\times$ , I can first calculate $\times$ and then multiply the and $4 \times 2 \times 3 = 8 \times 3 = 24$ $2 \times 3 \times 4 = 6 \times 4 = 24$ $3 \times 4 \times 2 = 12 \times 2 = 24$	iswer by
<b>Factor pairs</b> Children explore equivalent calculations using different factors pairs.		$= 6 \times 4 \times 2$ $= 24 \times 2$
Multiply by 10 and 100 Some children may over- generalise that multiplying by 10 or 100 always results in adding zeros. This will cause issues later when multiplying decimals.	When I multiply by 10, the digits move place value column to the left. is 10 times the size ofWhen I multiply by 100, the digits place value columns to the left. is 100 times the size of $H$ $T$ $O$ $H$ $H$ $T$ $H$ $H$ $T$ $H$	s move .00 = 1,400

©White Rose Education 2024



Progression of skills	Key representations		
Related facts	$\times$ ones is equal to ones so $\times$ tens is equal to tens		
Use knowledge of	and $\times$ hundreds is equal to hundreds.		
multiplying by 10 and 100 to scale times-table facts.			
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
Mental strategies	tens multiplied by is equal to tens.		
Partition 2 or 3-digit numbers to multiply using informal methods.	ones multiplied by is equal to ones.         Tens       Ones         20       6         20       6 $\times 3$ $\times 3$ $3 \times 26 = 60 + 18 = 78$ 60		

White Rose

Multiply a 2 or 3-digit number by a 1-digit number	To multiply a 2-digit number by , I mult To multiply a 3-digit number by , I mult hundreds by		•	e tens by	
			s by , the t	ens by and	the
The short multiplication method is introduced for the first time, initially in an expanded form.	T       O         10101       1111         10101       1111         10101       1111         10101       1150         10101       1150         10101       1170         10101       1170         10101       1170         10101       1170	5)	H T O 3 4 5 1 7 O 1 2 0		
Scaling Children focus on multiplication as scaling ( times the size).	<ul> <li> is times the size of</li> <li>7</li> <li>7<td></td><td>666 ribbon is 6 o ow ribbon is</td><td>666 cm. 7 times as lo</td><td>ng.</td></li></ul>		666 ribbon is 6 o ow ribbon is	666 cm. 7 times as lo	ng.
<b>Correspondence problems</b> Encourage children to use tables to show all the different possible combinations.	For every, there are possibilities. There are $\times$ possibilities altogether. A pizza company offers a choice of 5 toppings and 3 bases. $5 \times 3 = 15$	Cheese Mushroom Vegetable Chicken Tuna	Deep pan C DP M DP V DP C DP T DP	Italian C I M I V I C I T I	Thin C Th M Th V Th C Th T Th

# **Progression of skills – Division**



Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Divide by 3	• Division facts to $12 \times 12$	Mental strategies
Divide by 4	• Divide a number by 1 and	• Divide numbers up to 4 digits
Divide by 8	itself	by a 1-digit number
Related facts	Related facts	<ul> <li>Divide by 10, 100 and 1,000</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Divide a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number - no exchange</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Divide a 2 or 3-digit number by a 1-digit number</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fraction of an amount</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Divide a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number - with remainders</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Divide by 10 and 100</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Unit fractions of a set of objects</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Non-unit fractions of a set of objects</li> </ul>		

#### Division



Year 4	<ul> <li>Recall division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12</li> <li>Use place value, known and derived facts to divide mentally, including: dividing by 1</li> <li>Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths.</li> </ul>	
Progression of skills	Key representations	
<b>Division facts to 12</b> × <b>12</b> Encourage children to compare the grouping and sharing structures of division and to make links with times-table facts.	There are groups of in $\div$ = $2 \times 6 = 12$ $12 \div 6 = 2$ $0 \times 6 \times 12$	has been shared equally into equal groups. $\div$ =         Image: the state of th
Divide a number by 1 and itself Children may try to divide a number by zero and it should be highlighted that this is not possible.	When I divide a number by 1, the number remains the same. 5 shared between 1 is 5 There are <b>5</b> groups of 1 in 5	When I divide a number by itself, the answer is 1 5 shared between 5 is 1 There is 1 group of 5 in 5

#### Division



Progression of skills	Key representations	
<b>Related facts</b> Link to known times-table facts.	÷ is equal to so tens ÷ is equal to tens and hundreds ÷ is equal to 000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Divide a 2 or 3-digit number by a 1-digit number Progress from divisions with no exchange, to divisions with exchange and then divisions with remainders.	I can partition into tens and ones. $84 \div 4$ $80 \div 4 = 20$ $4 \div 4 = 1$ $84 \div 4 = 21$ $1 \text{ Tens Ones}$ $00 \text{ 0}$ $0  $	I cannot share the hundreds/tens equally, so I need to exchange 1 for 10 $300 \div 3 = 100$ $120 \div 3 = 40$ $15 \div 3 = 5$ $435 \div 3 = 145$

#### Division



Progression of skills	Key representations			
<b>Divide by 10 and 100</b> Encourage children to notice that dividing by 100 is the same as dividing by 10 twice.	When I divide by 10, the digits move 1 place value column to the right. is one-tenth the size of 0       Tth       Hth         0       Tth       Hth	When I divide by 100, the digits move 2 place value columns to the right. is one-hundredth the size of 0       Tth       Hth         0       Tth       Hth		
	$2 \div 10 = 0.2$ $12 \div 10 = 1.2$	$2 \div 100 = 0.02$ $12 \div 100 = 0.12$		